THE

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1813.]

THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1770.

Pitt's statue

From the St. James Evening-Post, May 5.

'Lo! swarming o'er the new discover'd world
'Gay Colonies extend;——
'——Bound by social freedom, firm they rise;
'Of Britan's empire the support and strength.'

THE unhappy differences between this country and the colonies of North-America, require the utmost wisdom of parliament to heal them; and no member, it is hoped, will advise an improper exertion of power. It is the true interest of Britain to acquire and retain, not to alienate the affections of her colonies; and this can only be done by kind usage. Never, therefore, did the welfare, and even independence of this kingdom call more for wisdom and united counsels than at this time; when it is hoped they will adopt lenitive measures rather than coercive ones. For it should be remembered, that the British empire extends on the sea coast of that continent above 2000 miles, in which is every kind of soil and climate; and therefore yields, in great plenty, every kind of the productions of Europe, and many which Europe has not.

Besides these blessings of life, they have all the sinews of power; innumerable iron mines, endless forests of oak and other timber, pitch, tar, hemp, flax, vast banks, rivers, bays, harbours, abounding with the greatest fisheries on the globe; so that not a doubt can be entertained, that this vast country will become the greatest empire that the world has ever seen; we ought therefore, to adopt true policy, which is, to rule them with lenity; for that only can continue them for ages to us, which an exertion of power will certainly fail to secure for a few years; they are now computed at three millions, which is nearly equal to half the number of this nation.

The ruling policy of every state is self-interest; the policy, therefore, of every state of Europe must induce them to wish a revolt of our colonies; and they would not fail of supporting them, either openly or secretly, with a view to weaken this kingdom, and to have that whole continent thrown open to them in point of trade, which this country now alone enjoys.

The part which both England and France took when Holland revolted from Spain, proves, that these apprehensions are not ill-founded. If therefore, severity be used, desperation may ensue; and it should always be remembered, that Spain lost both Portugal and Holland by acts of severity; and in those famous revolutions, every power in Europe rejoiced: These considerations should make us very careful in our conduct towards America.

It certainly is mistaken policy to attempt ruling so vast a continent, already abounding with millions, by the rod of power. The desire of independence is inherent in all men, and few will bear even imaginary grievances, with the means in their hands, however desperate, of shaking them off. This has been seen in Rome, which was once the mistress of the world, the seat of arts, empire, and glory; but who, by her oppression of Asia, Africa, and Europe, forced them to renounce her jurisdiction, and set up for themselves. In consequence of which great kingdoms arose, and this country, antiently the jest of the Romans, became the seat of liberty, plenty and power. Let this be a warning how we conduct ourselves towards our colonies, who certainly are too high-spirited to be enslaved. We should remember that they are Englishmen, that their ancestors fled to the forests of America for the sake of liberty, and that the spirit of liberty, perhaps, is more prevalent there than in this kingdom.

Both parliament and ministers are men, and therefore subject to error; if they have been guilty of any in their conduct towards America, it will be happy for both countries, and do honour to themselves, to retract them, by removing every existing cause of complaint; by which they will secure the affections of all North-America, and their labours, as heretofore, be united in promoting the trade and interest of this kingdom.

RATIONALIS.

New Advertisements.

WHITE blue, green, and brown PLAINS, of an exceeding good Quality, just imported in the LIBERTY, Capt. LASLEY, and to sold reasonably, by

THOMAS LOUGHTON, & ROGER SMITH.

BRIAN CAPE,

Has just imported in the Ship LIBERTY, *Capt.* JOHN LASLEY, *directly from* BRISTOL.

WHITE green and blue Negro Cloth; and as he has taken a great deal of Care to have it bought on the best Terms, he hopes to supply his friends to their satisfaction. He returns his hearty Thanks to the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, for the Favours they have shewn him since he commenced Business by himself, and hopes for a Continuance of them, being determined to spare no Pains in executing their Orders punctually, and at moderate Prices. He has at present on Hand, a tolerable Assortment of Goods, and will keep up a constant Supply of such Articles as the Resolutions of the Inhabitants of this Province will admit of.

N. B. Ten per Cent will be discounted for ready Money.

Colleton County, St. Bartholomew's Parish, July 4, 1770.

WE the Subscribers, Commissioners for the FISH-POND Bridge, give this public Notice, to all the Inhabitants of said Parish, that they have had said Bridge fully repaired for two Years past, as also advanced themselves the Sum of *Five Hundred* Pounds for said Repairs: This is therefore to summons and require all and every of the Inhabitants of said Parish, liable for said Repairs, that they render to us on Oath, a just and true Account of all their Male Slaves, from the Age of Sixteen to Sixty Years, in one Month from the Date hereof, in order to enable us to make a just and equitable Assessment, to defray the Expence of repairing said Bridge: those who neglect complying with this Notice, may depend on being treated as the Law directs.

JOHN HUNT.
THOMAS HOLMAN.

NOTICE is hereby given to those whose Engagements should have been discharged the last Winter, no longer to neglect paying their respective Debts, as the Death of Mr. DOYLEY makes it necessary the Affairs of our Copartnership should be closed immediately.

MILES BREWTON.
JOHN BREWTON.

N. B. A Parcel of fine white Plains and Duffil Blankets just imported, to be sold for little more than the prime Cost and Charges.

To be SOLD Cheap,

For Cash or short Credit,

The under-mentioned Articles, belonging to the Estate of THOMAS GADSDEN, *Esq; deceased;*

TWO Bowden's Patent Machines—a Canow—a Horse-Flat—a large Pettiauger—about five Thousand Bricks—Six Cows—Three Calves—Two Bulls—One Steer—and Seven Goats.

The above to be seen at Mrs. GADSDEN's Plantation, on Charles-Town Neck.

ALSO,

A Lot of Land in Ansonborough.

LIKEWISE,

Eight French Chairs, two Sophas, and three Curtains of crimson Silk Damask, Seventy-eight Quarter Casks, Pork Barrels, &c. To be seen at Mrs. GADSDEN's House on the Bay.

And a good dry Cellar on the Bay, to be Lett. For further Particulars, Enquire of

JAMES GADSDEN,
ANDREW RUTLEDGE, } *Executors.*

BONNEAU & SLANN,

Have imported in the Ship PORTLAND, JAMES WILSON, *Master, from* LONDON,

WHITE and coloured PLAINS of exceeding good Quality, a large Quantity of Oznabrugs, London Duffils, neat Fowling Pieces, and sundry other Articles, agreeable to the Resolutions.

N. B. A few Dozen of very good BRISTOL CYDER, of last Year's Importation. t. f.

THE Subscriber intending to take a Passage in Capt. BLEWER, for PHILADELPHIA, will dispose of his Plantation at the Round O, containing about 2300 Acres, whereon is a neat Dwelling-House, with five very good Rooms, a Barn 90 Feet by 40, a Horse-Stable 40 by 44, also a Machine that pounds 2500 Weight of Rice in a Day; the said Plantation was formerly the Property of the Hon. WILLIAM DRAYTON. Also a Plantation about five Miles from Ashley-Ferry, on Stono-River, containing 630 Acres, and a Tract of 1000 Acres on the Wateree-River. For Particulars apply to SAMUEL ELLIOTT, or JOHN WARING, in Charles-Town.

BENJAMIN ELLIOTT.

To be Disposed of,

SOME beautiful *Watches*, fit for the LADIES, which came very accidentally into this Province. Enquire of the Printer.

THE Subscriber has to dispose of, on reasonable Terms, an exceeding good Tract of LAND, on *Peter's-Creek*, on the North Side of *Black-River*; containing 312 Acres, joining on Lands belonging to Mr. WILLIAM SHACKLEFORD, Mr. THOMAS BLYTHE, Mr. HENRY FUTHY, and Messrs. FOISSINE & JAMEISON. Whoever has an Inclination to purchase, may treat with me for further Particulars.

ISAAC BATES.

St. John's Parish, Berkley-County, July 2, 1770.

THIS is to give Notice, to all Persons owning Slaves in St. John's Parish aforesaid, that they are hereby required to make Returns on Oath of their Males, from the Age of Sixteen to Sixty Years, residing in the said Parish, to either of the Subscribers, Commissioners of the High-Roads for the said Parish, on or before the first Monday in August next.

JOHN HARLESTON.
JOB MARION.
DAVID GUERARD.
DANIEL RAVENEL.
JOHN CORDES.
EDWARD HARLESTON.
HENRY RAVENEL.
DANIEL RAVENEL, jun.
JAMES CORDES, jun.
JAMES RAVENEL.
PETER GOURDIN.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber living in *Georgia*, about three Weeks since, two NEGRO FELLOWS, named SIMON and TOPSHAM; they both lately belonged to the Estate of Capt. JOHN CATTELL, of *George's-Parish*, deceased, and 'tis thought they are come to this Province, and harboured at the Plantation called Wampee-Savannah, where the said CATTELL resided: SIMON is a very likely young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, well known in ST. GEORGE'S-PARISH, and did formerly belong to Col. JOHN SKENE, deceased; TOPSHAM is a stout well-made Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, and carries on his Back the Marks of an old Offender. Whoever apprehends the said NEGROES, and delivers them to me in *Georgia* aforesaid, to Mr. DANIEL DONOVAN, or the Warden of the Work-House in CHARLES-TOWN, shall receive FIFTEEN POUNDS Currency Reward, for each

JOSIAH TATNELL.

N. B. Since the above Advertisement was first inserted, the said two NEGROES have been seen in this Town; and as TOPSHAM has frequently been harboured for twelve Months at a time at *Cainhoy*, where he has some Relations, particularly at Doctor SIM's, 'tis now supposed they are both gone over there.

ANDREW RUTLEDGE

Informs his Friends,

That he has imported in the LONDON, *Captain* CURLING, *from* LONDON,

An ASSORTMENT of such GOODS as are allowed by the RESOLUTIONS,

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

VERY neat Fowling and Plantation GUNS; GUN-POWDER; SHOT of all Kinds; Wool and Cotton CARDS; Crowley's best Broad HOES; DOWLAS; 7-8 and 3-4 GARLIX: Which, with many other Articles, will be sold at his usual cheap Rate, at his Store in BROAD-STREET.

N. B. Exceeding good OSNABRUGS, at 3*s.* 6*d.* per Yard, for Cash, by the Piece.

HENRY RUGELY,

Has just imported in the CAROLINA-PACKET, *Capt.* WHITE *from* LONDON,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

(agreeable to the RESOLUTIONS)

Which he will dispose of on very reasonable Terms, at his Store the Corner of Church *and* Tradd-Streets, *for Cash or Produce,*

CONSISTING of Oznabrugs at 3*s.* per Yard, Irish Linens, Garlix, Russia Sheeting, ¾ Diaper, Huckabacks, Gunpowder, Shot, Flints, Wool and Cotton Cards, Plantation Tools, Casks of sorted Nails, &c.

Also, a neat Italian RIDING-CHAIR; and some exceeding fine flavoured HYSON TEA, at £. 5 10 per lb.

THE Subscriber gives this last Notice to all Persons indebted to the Estates of Thomas Nightingale and John Oliver, deceased, and to the Copartnerships of Nightingale, Edwards, Tibout, and Johnson, that the first Day of August next their Accounts, &c. remaining unpaid, will be sued without further Notice by an Attorney at Law.

ANDREW DELLIENT.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely, healthy young Negro Fellow, this Country born, about 22 Years of Age, a Chair-Maker by Trade; he is very sensible, and is sold for no Fault, but that he is not willing to live with me, who will take in Part of Pay for him, a small Negro Boy, that is fit to go to a Trade. Apply in King-Street to JOSHUA EDEN.

Wanted immediately:

TEN or TWELVE HUNDRED POUNDS, for which good Security will be given. Enquire of the Printer.

Goose-Creek, June 30, 1770.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons possessed of Lands or Slaves in the Parish of St. James's, Goose-Creek, (both Residents, and Non-Residents) that they are assessed for the Relief of the Poor of the said Parish, at the following Rates, (to wit) Five Shillings Currency, for every Hundred Acres of Land, and the like Sum for every Slave, owned in the said Parish, which they are desired to pay to the Subscriber, by the 1st Day of August next.

JOHN MATHEWES } Church-
ALEX. MAZYCK. } Wardens.

A Person well acquainted with Book-Keeping, would be glad to employ his few leisure Hours in keeping a Set of Books, or adjusting difficult Accompts.

N. B. Wanted to hire, Part of a Pew in St. Philip's, or St. Michael's Church. Enquire of the Printer.

LOST, or left on the Counter of some Store, that I might be in some few Days ago, half a Sheet of a News-Paper, in which was wrapt up several Hundred Pounds, chiefly in Fifty Pounds Bills received the same Day; also two promisory Notes, one payable to SHACKELFORD and LUPTON, from RICHARD GREEN, the other to THOMAS SHUBRICK. Whoever has found, and returns them to me, shall be suitably rewarded.

THOMAS SHUBRICK.

Dorchester, June 26, 1770.

RUN-AWAY from my Plantation on the CYPRESS, the undermentioned Negroes, viz. A well set elderly Country born Fellow, named JEMMY, very sensible, and has clumsy Legs. A middle sized Wench, named ROSE, yellow Complexion, pitted with the Small-Pox, and I believe was with Child when she went away; they took with them their two Children, named DOLLY and FLORA, and all their Cloaths, &c. they were the Property of Captain SILAS MILES, deceased. A strait limb'd Guinea Fellow, named QUASH, about six Feet high, has small Eyes, and speaks very little English. A well set Angola Fellow, named MINGO, yellowish Complexion, a little ruptured, his Upper Teeth filed, and is about five Feet five Inches high. A well set Angola Fellow, named TONEY, his Upper Teeth filed, and is about five Feet five Inches high. A strait limb'd Guiney Fellow, named JEMMY, about six Feet high, and has a deep Scar on the upper Part of his Forehead. A well set Country born Lad, about Twelve Years old, named VENTURE, he was late the Property of the Estate of DAVID KITTLEBAND, on the CYPRESS. FIFTEEN POUNDS Currency will be given to any Person that will deliver to the Subscriber, the Country born Fellow, named JEMMY, ROSE, and their two Children, and FIVE POUNDS Currency for each of the other Runaways. Any Person giving Information of the above Negroes being harboured, or either of them, if by a White Person, shall on Conviction of the Offender, receive THIRTY POUNDS Currency, or if harboured by a Negro, FIVE POUNDS Currency Reward.

RICHARD WALTER.

LONDON, APRIL 24.

A Cabinet Council was held on Sunday night at St. James's upon the news received concerning the insurrection at Boston, at the rising of which it was reported at the St. James's coffee-house, that a fleet of men of war, and four regiments, would be dispatched immediately for North-America.

This day, about half after twelve o'clock, the Lord Mayor, attended by the Aldermen Ladbroke, Stephenson, Turner, Trecothick and the two sheriffs, went in procession to Guildhall, in order to invest John Wilkes, Esq; alderman of Farringdon Without. There was the greatest concourse of people ever known on any like occasion. Mr. Wilkes was dressed in a suit of black, full-trimmed, and went from the Mansion-house, where he had visited the Lord Mayor this morning, to Guildhall, in Mr. Reynolds's coach. When he came down the stone steps at the Mansion-house to get into the coach, the acclamations of the populace were amazing, and were continued till he arrived at the hall, where they were repeated and joined by the people who had waited there for some time with wishful eyes to see the released patriot.

It being now two o'clock, when the court of aldermen broke up, after swearing John Wilkes, Esq; into the office of alderman of the Ward of Farringdon Without, he returned in the same coach with the Right Honourable Lord Mayor to the Mansion-house, to partake of a most elegant entertainment provided on the occasion; when the greatest number of the populace, ever known since the King's accession, all the way shouted with Lord acclamations on their most favourite patriot's being at length before their long wished for magistrate, so soon after his tedious confinement.

It is, we hear, almost beyond a doubt, that the answer to a late remonstrance was fabricated in one corner of Bloomsbury-square.

APRIL 25.

A prodigious concourse of people accompanied Mr. Wilkes, who walked in the procession of the gentlemen of the Antigallican Society on Monday, from Stepney-church to Mile-end Assembly-room: the wands of the stewards were decorated with blue ribbands, and the members of the society wore blue gloves. It was with much difficulty Mr. Wilkes reached the assembly-room, being almost pressed to death by the people, who continually crouded on him. On his arrival he made an obeisance to the spectators from the center window of the said room, and afterwards from those at each end, which was received with reiterated shouts of applause. Cakes, bread, cheese, and wine, were afterwards distributed to the populace from the Gun tavern adjacent.

APRIL 26.

The zeal of the crowd at Guildhall on Tuesday, was greater than their strength; an attempt was made by the people to draw the Lord-Mayor and Mr. Wilkes, in the state coach from Guildhall to the Mansion-house, but the weight of it was such, that they were obliged to desist.

Yesterday Lord Temple, the Marquisses of Rockingham and Granby, paid a visit to the Lord Mayor at his house in Soho-square, where it is said they had an interview with Mr. Wilkes.

We hear from Newcastle, that a remonstrance to the throne is actually prepared there, and will shortly be sent up to town, to be presented to his Majesty by Sir Francis Blake Delaval. The spirited behaviour of the Burgesses of that corporation at this trying period, will do immortal honour to their names.

APRIL 28.

Yesterday Alderman Wilkes went from Mr. Bellas's house in Doctors Commons in a coach, accompanied by Mr. Bellas, to the Sessions-house in the Old Bailey, where he sat as one of the city magistrates.

On Mr. Alderman Wilkes's getting out of the coach to go into the Old Bailey, he was surrounded by a numerous croud of people, who saluted him with loud acclamations. After sitting on the bench for some time, he went into the parlour with several counsellors, and did some business, by signing passes, &c. the Lord Mayor and Mr. Sheriff Townsend being obliged to attend the business of the house of commons.

Thursday a patriotic gentleman waited on the premier, to acquaint him that it was the intention of a certain popular gentleman, to present a petition in a few days to be admitted into a society, of which he considers himself, and is considered by his constituents, as a member.

Yesterday the Countess of Egmont kissed his Majesty's hand on being appointed a Baroness in her own right.

Yesterday the Earl of Essex kissed his Majesty's hand, on being appointed master of the stag-hounds, in the room of Lord Gallway, who has resigned.

The same day Lord Edgcumbe kissed his Majesty's hand on being appointed one of the joint-treasurers of Ireland, in the room of the Hon. James Grenville, Esq; who has resigned.

It is said, that an address will be immediately presented to his Majesty, desiring that his Majesty will give orders, that extracts or copies of all letters to the secretaries of state, the board of trade, &c. which contain any narrative of the late unhappy affair at Boston; together with copies of the instructions sent by his Majesty's ministers to his governors in North-America since June last, be laid before the house of commons.

A letter from Colonel Dalrymple at Boston, to a general officer, his friend, in England, mentions, that if the troops had not retired out of the town at Boston at the time they did, the most terrible and fatal consequences would most certainly have happened; as the inhabitants had absolutely DETERMINED to risk their lives in an attack upon the military; in order to revenge the cruel and wanton massacre of their countrymen.—*Will nothing open the eyes of a deluded——, to see the malignant effects of his being governed by Carlton house, and a detested administration?*

We hear, notwithstanding the King has so seriously recommended in his speech, the consideration of the state of his government in North-America, his ministers have never brought that matter under consideration forward; but, it is said, a certain Governor has given notice, that he will lay the state of that matter before parliament, before the conclusion of the present session.

A patriotic nobleman, in a recent conference with a great person in the unhappy affairs at Boston, told his Majesty, that he apprehended what would be the consequence, when the troops were stationed like *task-masters* over so spirited a people as Americans; whose loyalty, he believed, was unquestionable, and whose bravery was equalled by none."

His most christian Majesty has settled 100,000l. sterling per annum on Madam Barré, his present favourite mistress, which is 1l. more than he allowed Madam Pompadour, by which he is vice even with a princess of the blood, in the splendour of table and equipage.

It is said that Mr. Kelly, the author of *a word to the wise*, is writing a tragedy, called *he wife between*; which he intends dedicating to a very great personage.

The famous horses Giuncrack and Goldfinder, are matched at the next Newmarket meeting, for 1000l. play or pay. A great number of bets are likewise depending thereon.

Bourdeaux, April 11. The amazing rise of the waters of the Garonne, made a terrible ravage in this port last Saturday. The quay was covered with pieces of houses, furniture, people and boards; a large tree thrown down by the wind, drove against the cable of an old ship and set it afloat, that ship broke five or six more loose, and those set near 200 more afloat, and they were all driven to sea. The crews of many of these vessels were fortunately saved, but the rest were driven away in their boats, and filled the air with their cries. Many loaded boats were sunk with the people on board, three or four ships were sunk, and some were knocked to pieces against the keys, and many it is not known what are become of. The damage is computed at 600,000 livres.

LONDON, MAY 1.

Yesterday at noon came on, at St. Paul's Covent-Garden, the election of a representative in parliament for the city and liberty of Westminster, in the room of the Hon. Edwin Sandys, now Lord Sandys. A considerable number of the electors assembled early in the morning at the Standard-Tavern in Leicester-Fields; and proceeded from thence with a band of music, &c. in procession through Piccadilly, to Sir Robert Barnard's, in Hamilton-Street; and some of them having waited upon him, and called him out, they all returned in the same manner to St. James-Street, where they turned and went down Pall-Mall. Opposite the Earl Temple's, they made a stop, and saluted his lordship. At Carlton-House they groaned and hissed, They then went on to Charing-Cross; where with three huzzas they saluted the Duke of Northumberland. They went on through the Strand, and up Southampton-Street to the place of Election. The procession consisted of some of the electors on horseback, a band of music, about forty electors in coaches, and at least five thousand more, as near as can be computed, on foot, with blue cockades in their hats.

When they came to Covent-Garden, the whole Square was full. Proclamation of silence being made by Sir John Hussey Delavall, Bart. addressing himself to the people, he said, He rejoiced to see such a prodigious number of the electors present, to support the nomination in Westminster-Hall last Tuesday; that Sir Robert Barnard had stood forward in support of the rights of the people, in their just complaints against the late flagrant violation of their liberties; and concluded with observing, they were come to confirm, with their votes, this their free and glorious choice. The Right Hon. Lord Viscount Mountmorres, seconded the motion in a very spirited speech, in which he very properly stated the services and principles of Sir Robert Barnard; the grievances under which the people laboured; the great violation of their rights in the case of Middlesex; the impossibility that any king, that any parliament, that the courts of justice, or that all together, could annihilate the people's constitutional rights. Both these speeches were received with the greatest acclamations. It may be safely said, that at least twenty thousand people were present, who all observed the strictest good order.

The proper proclamations being made, and no other candidate appearing, the return was signed by a great number of gentlemen upon the Hustings, among whom besides the gentlemen mentioned, were the Earl Verney, J. Aubrey, J. Phipps, J. Adair, &c. Esqrs. and Edward Burnaby Greene, Esq; (the late candidate) who likewise signed the return. When the election was entirely over, the gentlemen retired into the vestry-room, where the indenture was signed by several other gentlemen; and finally returned into the Crown-Office: And this day Sir Robert Bernard will be introduced into the House of Commons by the Hon. Henry Grenville and William Pulteney, Esqrs. and take his seat as member for Westminster.

All the electors immediately returned to their respective houses, and at three o'clock yesterday afternoon every thing was as quiet as if no election had happened.

This election is a proper example to every other city in the kingdom, and to all the towns and counties to chuse their members with a spirit of freedom, and without expence. If this election had been contested, (tho' it was almost impossible) we are credibly informed, the contest would not have cost Sir Robert Barnard a shilling, the electors being determined to support their own free choice.

Yesterday Mr. Alderman Wilkes held a wardmote at St. Bride's church, for the election of a common-council-man of Farringdon Without, in the room of the late Mr. Watson, and a Ward Beadle, in the room of Mr. Carpenter deceased. Mr. Wilkes was received with loud acclamations; and as soon as he got into the pew prepared for him and the common-council, he bowed respectfully to the inhabitants, &c. assembled there, and addressed them to the following purport:

"*Gentlemen,*

"*I chearfully embrace this first opportunity of paying my respects to you in person, and returning my most hearty thanks for the high honour you have conferred on me, by unanimously electing me your Alderman: You may be assured that I will ever make the interest of the city of London in general, and that of the Ward of Farringdon Without in particular, my constant study. No threats or promises shall ever induce me to swerve from my duty, either as a citizen, or a magistrate. You will always find me a steady guardian of your liberties, and a zealous defender of the constitution. Bad ministers have been too long a scourge to this country, and I will in future never loose an opportunity of being a scourge to them.*"

The Irish parliament, which stood prorogued to the 1st of May, is further prorogued to the 28th of August.

It is certain that the persons who, for some time past, have secretly directed the helm, and are distinguished by the appellation of the *Double Cabinet*, are a certain Dowager, and an Earl (Lord E--t) who lives at no great distance from Carlton-House.

A letter from Derby mentions, that a remonstrance from that corporation will be sent to town soon.

We hear that power will be immediately given to the commanding officer at Castle-William, near Boston, to act in the double capacity of magistrate and commander.

On Saturday night died, at his house in North-Audley-Street, aged 92, the Right. Hon. John Ligonier, Earl Ligonier, Baron of Ripler, Viscount Ligonier, of Clonmel, in Ireland, Field-Marshal of his Majesty's forces, and Colonel of the first regiment of foot-guards, Knight of the Bath, and fellow of the Royal Society.

Colonel Mariscо Frederick (the eldest Colonel in the army) is appointed to the command of the 30th regiment, late Lord Loudon's.

The last letters from the Hague represent the King of Prussia to be dangerously ill.

MAY 3.

On Wednesday evening Col. Barré, in a certain assembly commented largely on a letter of orders, said to be given by a Great Personage, and communicated to the public by Lord Barrington, Secretary at War, relative to an *atrocious crime*, committed by three or four private men in the foot guards, who effected the rescue of a general officer; and the colonel humourously remarked, that as the crime was only an *atrocious crime*, it was, as usual, of late thought highly worthy of having no other notice taken of it, than a verbal reprimand.

Lord Shelburne said last Tuesday, that the Minister (Lord North) who advised his Majesty to give Col. Lutterel a place, with a view of setting him up for Middlesex, deserved, and he hoped, would be impeached.—*Which God of his infinite mercy grant.*

Mr. Herbert has withdrawn his bill in the House of Commons, intended to regulate the consequences of expulsion.

We hear that a bill is under consideration for putting a stop to the future payment of bounties on the exportation of corn.

We are assured from an undoubted quarter, that three regiments are ordered immediately to Boston, to join the 14th and 29th, which are already there, and do not both consist of 900 effective men.

It is said that a certain commanding officer has incurred displeasure for removing his men from a certain place, without particular orders from the War-Office.

Yesterday his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester kissed his Majesty's hand, on being appointed Colonel of the first regiment of foot guards, in the room of Earl Ligonier, deceased.

The same day the Earl of Loudon kissed hands, on being appointed Colonel of the third regiment of foot-guards, in the room of his Royal Highness.

On Tuesday his Majesty made a very considerable promotion of General Officers, when all the Colonels in the army, from Major Frederick, Esq; down to John Scot, Esq; inclusive, were promoted to the rank of Major Generals; but the proper notification was not issued out from the War-Office, time enough to be inserted in the Gazette.

MAY 5.

It is said that a great personage has declared his resolution of supporting the present administration.

Last Sunday night a great personage was much hissed by the mob as he was entering the court-yard of a certain great lady's house in Pall-mall.

A bill to continue an act of the third year of his Majesty's reign for encouraging the making of Indico in the plantations, has passed a great assembly.

MAY 8.

We are informed, that Governor Bernard will embark for his government of Massachusetts-Bay, on board one of the men of war appointed to convoy four regiments to North-America, preparations (it is said) being actually now making by his excellency for that purpose.

It was asserted the other day, by a patriotic Earl, "that the minds of three fourths of the people were notoriously alienated from their allegiance, and that they were almost ready to prove it by their actions." To which a certain Duke replied, "If that nominal majority were to draw their swords in that confidence, he would risk his own head on their finding themselves confoundedly mistaken."

Sunday last the Right Hon. the Lord Mansfield received the sacrament at Queen's-square Chapel, to qualify himself as speaker of the house of Lords.

We hear strict orders have been given, that no person of what rank soever, shall be allowed, in future, to sell out of the army that did not purchase into it.

The subscription loan for the present year, was not filled on Saturday at one o'clock, and it was then thought, matters went on so slowly, that the premier would be obliged to go to work again, and open another budget; but the members of the ministry, exerting themselves, (particularly the speaker of the house of commons) the monied men were so effectually brought in, that before night, there was not a single lottery ticket unsubscribed for.

MAY 10.

The state of the colonies came under consideration on Tuesday, and very warm debates ensued; much altercation; and great variety of sentiment. Col. Barré was very severe upon the military; and more so upon the ministry, for investing them with discretionary powers independent of the civil magistrate, which was, to all intents and purposes, establishing a military government in the colonies. One of the members asking him, whether he did not think it a most mortifying situation, to be repeatedly insulted by the populace, and pelted with stones, snow-balls, brick-batts, &c. and not dare to move in their own defence? the Colonel answered him, "That they should have advanced unarmed against an unarmed enemy; and, if they were insulted, they should have retaliated, thrown aside their arms, and used no other weapons against the people but such as they sent, viz. stones, brick-batts, &c. But instead of that, those arms which were given them for the defence of the public they turned against the public safety, and exercised their bloody displeasure against an innocent people, whose guardians and protectors they were." He concluded, however, with assuring the ministry, "That he should shake hands with them, and chearfully accompany them in their researches to bring to light every particular relating to this intricate and very cruel transaction." The Lord-Mayor was very warm; and in the heat of the debate, dropped some expressions that gave occasion to those who differed from him to smile. "Aye, aye, said he, you may laugh; but I tell you, these proceedings are contrary to the laws of God and man."—The debate was adjourned without any conclusive measures being resolved upon, and the house broke up about half an hour past nine.

On Tuesday last a motion was made in the house of commons, by Governor Pownall, for an address to his Majesty, to have the state of the military establishment in America reconsidered and rectified. Upon this occasion the ministry declared, that the troops are withdrawn from Boston, and will not be sent there again, until the civil magistrate calls for their assistance; and that his Majesty had given orders to have the state of the commissions, and the military commands in that country laid before the crown lawyers, in order that it might be revised and rectified and put upon a constitutional footing.

Yesterday a variety of resolutions, relative to America, were moved in the same place, by Mr. Edmund Burke; when, after long debates, they divided upon the second resolution, purporting, that the letters and orders sent by the ministry to the Governors in America, were the causes of the present discontents there, viz. 79 for the resolution, and 196 against it.

A correspondent observes, that the bringing on the American affairs this week, as the time when our ministry have business on the course, and which, upon former occasions, we have seen pursued, whilst national matters of the greatest consequence have been neglected, is looked upon as a master stroke of policy in the opposition.

A petition of a very extraordinary nature is intended to be presented to a great personage by the colony merchants.

The late disturbances at Boston, it is said, have opened the eyes of the ministry, to see the fatal consequences of a childish obstinacy, with respect to the making them subject to the power of the British parliament, without an adequate representation; and has determined them to take off the remaining tax on tea, before the expiration of the present sessions, contrary to their late resolves.

It is whispered, that a certain unpopular American Governor has declared, that five regiments, with their full complement of men, will be little enough to send to the colony of which he is Governor.

Notwithstanding it is said, and generally believed, that the national assemblies will be prorogued on Thursday the 17th inst. yet we hear, from pretty good authority, that the necessary business will certainly drive them into the last week of the present month.

A certain great man, it is said, is again prepared for a grand debate, and has intimated, that about the middle of next week he shall again attend his duty in a certain place; from whence we may easily conclude that there will be a full assembly, and warm debates.

A noble Peer, who made a long harrangue in the upper room of a certain assembly, we hear, will shortly receive a severe censure in a particular manner on that account.

It is now asserted with the greatest confidence, that the seals would have been re-assumed by the late worthy chancellor, had it not been for the interposition of a great lady in Pall-mall.

It is said, there is no other obstacle to an accommodation between all parties than the reconciliation of a great personage and the Earl Temple.

It is now become an established opinion, that the many

frequent changes of the miniſtry are but ſo many modes of incumbrance on the people, as every one that goes out of place, carries a fleece of the ſtate with him.

A correſpondent aſſures us, that Mr. Wilkes has been ſtrongly ſolicited perſonally to demand his ſeat in a certain aſſembly, but that he never has entertained any ſerious intention of purſuing ſuch a meaſure, judging it rather calculated to produce farther proceedings of an oppreſſive and deſperate nature, than to reſtore the right of free election.

It is ſaid to be agitation to ſettle, by a public act of the city of London, an allowance of one thouſand pounds a year out of the city chamber, to Mr. Wilkes, for public ſervice.

The bill for providing a public reward for diſcovering the longitude at ſea, has paſſed the lower room for the royal aſſent.

We hear that the late deciſion of the committee of the privy council, on the accuſation againſt Robert Melville, Eſq; Governor of Grenada, is to come this day under the conſideration of a great aſſembly.

MAY 11.

Wedneſday the adjourned debate on the tranſactions at Boſton was re-aſſumed. In theſe debates, Col. Barré ſaid, "There was ſomething in the conduct of our miniſtry ſo truly ridiculous and inconſiſtent, that it amazed him; that though we were daily deceived by our avowed enemies, and have received repeated inſults from them, ſtill we continue ſubmiſſive and inactive, and like a weak and feeble people, ſtoop to diſgrace without murmuring; whilſt on the other hand, if our own children (the colonies) who ſprung from our loins, and who were nouriſhed by our tenderneſs—if they but murmur at our tyranny, or commit one trivial fault, we laſh them with a rod of iron, and exerciſe our authority to the moſt wanton purpoſes."

Mr. Burke obſerved, "That we were daily loſing that dignity among other nations, which was in a manner our birth right; that we no longer held that balance of power which we formerly poſſed with ſo much eaſe; and that if it was recovered again, it muſt be effected by a French ſtale trick---not by the weight of our ſtrength and power, but by the weight of our gold."

They ſat very late, and broke up without coming to any final reſolution.

On the queſtion upon the American affairs, laſt Wedneſday, Mr. Burke ſpoke for three hours and a half without ceaſing.

Some very important matters, reſpecting the late unhappy unhappy affair at Boſton, it is thought will be agitated on Monday next in an auguſt aſſembly; and it is pretty certain that the revenue acts will be again under conſideration the day following.

We learn from good authority, that American buſineſs cannot be ſettled this ſeſſion of parliament; and that the prorogation will therefore be for a very ſhort time.

Yeſterday the Earl of Chatham came to town from Hayes, viſited the Earls Temple and Shelburne, and the Hon. George Grenville, and in the evening returned to Hayes.

It is ſaid, that ſome ſpirited reſolutions have been tranſmitted to town from Dublin, in conſequence of the unexpected prorogation of the Iriſh parliament.

It is aſſerted that Lord Chatham has eight more motions to make in the houſe of Peers, before the cloſe of the preſent ſeſſions.

Orders are given for the neceſſary tranſports to be got ready at Cork, for embarking a regiment of foot, on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, for Gibraltar.

Yeſterday the conduct of Governor Melvill was moved to be enquired into.

William Bromhill, Eſq; private ſecretary to Lord North, is appointed Patent Cuſtomer of the Ports of Southampton and Portſmouth, in the room of Charles Whitmore, Eſq; deceaſed.

Colonel John Burgoyne is appointed Comtroller of Cheſter, in the room of Edward Herbert, Eſq; deceaſed.

We are informed, that it is ſettled that Capt. G----, who had been recommended to command the ſquadron of his Majeſty's ſhips at Halifax, is not to have the command.

MAY 12.

This day at a court of common council was held at Guildhall, to conſider of an addreſs to his Majeſty, upon his anſwer to the addreſs, petition and remonſtrance of the city of London, and on the reſolutions and addreſs of both houſes of parliament thereon.—After various debates it was carried by a majority of 45 commoners and one alderman to addreſs; and a committee was appointed to draw up the ſame, but was not finiſhed when this paper went to preſs.

Mr. Wilkes was of the committee; there were fifteen Aldermen preſent.

This meeting, we are credibly informed, as well as ſome former meetings of the livery, &c. have been held in conſequence of complaints from Lord Chatham to my Lord Mayor, of want of ſupport from the city to ſecond his patriotic motions in an auguſt aſſembly. It is even ſaid, that a letter of a very intereſting nature has been received that will explain this matter more fully.

The commons met on Saturday, but no debates ariſing, the houſe broke up about four.

The debates on the American affairs are this day expected to run high. The ſending a naval force with troops upon the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, for the ſecurity of our weſtern ſettlements, will, it is thought, be the ſubject of debate.

The government of a certain colony has been within this week offered to no leſs than three gentlemen, and it was declined by all of them: And it is ſince rumoured, that Governor Pownall, *formerly Governor of* Maſſachuſetts-Bay, *will, at the deſire of the Miniſtry, re-aſſume his government, until the diſtractions at* Boſton, *and the colony in general, are ſubſided.*

We are told, that a certain colony Agent has propoſed to adminiſtration to ſettle the American diſputes by arbitration. Five arbiters to be choſen by the miniſtry, and five by the Americans; and thoſe ten to be at liberty to call in five more. The place of arbitration, London; and the award to be made in three months from their firſt meeting.

The act for limiting the privilege of Parliament, has paſſed both Houſes.

As Lord Mansfield did not come to Weſtminſter-hall laſt Saturday, a report was raiſed that his Lordſhip was indiſpoſed; and now, from the circumſtance of entertaining ſome noblemen on the ſide of the minority, another report has been ſpread that there ſoon will be a coalition of parties.

We are aſſured, that Mr. Moore has ſold upwards of 120,000 *of the* 13 *numbers of his* Whiſperer; *however, it is thought he will pay dear for his public ſpiritedneſs, as it is ſaid he was this day taken into cuſtody for writing the above papers.*

MAY 14.

Saturday the Earls Temple, Suffolk, Buckinghamſhire, Lord Hyde, and others of the nobility, dined with Lord Mansfield, at his ſeat at Cainwood, near Highgate.

Yeſterday at noon the Earl of Chatham came to town from Hayes, and afterwards viſited the Marquis of Rockingham, where the Dukes of Richmond and Portland, Earl Temple, and ſome others of the nobility were preſent; his Lordſhip afterwards dined with Earl Temple, and this day he will go to the houſe of Peers.

A report prevails, that Mr. Lyttelton, now his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Liſbon, will ſpeedily be recalled, and will be appointed Governor of New-England, in the room of Sir Francis Bernard.

Counſellor Wedderburn, ſpeaking of American affairs a few days ago, ſaid, "*In the reign of Charles the ſecond you conquered America.—In the reign of George the third you loſt America; for I cannot conſider it now as any part of the Britiſh empire.*"

We are informed, that the Lord Commiſſioners of trade and plantations have, for ſome time, had a new eſtabliſhment of Cape-Breton in contemplation, and that this plan will be carried into execution with the utmoſt diſpatch.

After the diviſion in a certain aſſembly on Wedneſday, a gentleman in adminiſtration exultingly told a worthy Baronet in oppoſition, that they had gained a complete victory, "No wonder, replied the Baronet, *your troops are better paid than ours.*"

Two bills of great importance to the manufactures and proſperity of theſe kingdoms have, during the courſe of laſt week, paſſed a certain aſſembly. One for appropriating 15,000 *l. granted in a former ſeſſions of parliament for the improvement of the growth and culture of hemp and flax in Great-Britain. The other, for prolonging for ſeven years from June* 1771, *the bounty of one half penny per yard on the exportation of Britiſh checked and ſtriped linen.*

A motion was made in the committee, by Mr. D——ſter, and ſeconded by Lord F. C. and Lord S. for extending this bounty to printed and ſtained linens and cottons, but upon a diviſion, the queſtion was loſt by a ſingle vote.

CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 5.

LAST Saturday arrived here in 18 Days from Penſacola, his Majeſty's Packet-Boat the DILIGENCE, commanded by Capt. ARTHUR CLARK: By which we learn, that General O'Reiley, having been ordered to Spain, upon ſome Complaint of his Conduct, had been gone ſome Time from New-Orleans; that the Spaniſh Troops he had left in Garriſon there, did not exceed 400, of which Number many had deſerted; that thoſe which remained now, gave no Sort of Diſturbance to our Settlers; that ſince the Departure of that General, many of the French Inhabitants had removed with their Effects into Weſt-Florida: That a very beneficial Trade had again been opened at Penſacola, which was likely to be improved. That Part of his Excellency Governor CHESTER's Baggage was arrived there, and himſelf ſoon expected: And, that the Inhabitants and Garriſon were perfectly healthy, and well ſupplied with Neceſſaries.

We hear, that in Conſequence of a Letter lately addreſſed to the SONS OF LIBERTY in *North-Carolina*, under Cover to Col. James Moore, a Meeting had been appointed, and held on the 2d of laſt Month, where a Number of Gentlemen from the ſeveral Southern Counties in that Province were choſen as a Committee, to meet at *Wilmington* as this Day, *to conſult upon ſuch Meaſures, as may appear moſt eligible, for evincing their Patriotiſm and Loyalty in the preſent critical Situation of Affairs*: Which Committee are, Col. Thomas Lloyd, Cornelius Harnett, Frederic Gregg, William Campbell, Eſqrs; Meſſrs. John Robeſon and William Wilkinſon, *for the Town of Wilmington.*—George Moore, Frederic Jones, Eſqrs; Col. James Moore, Meſſrs. Samuel Aſhe, and James Moran, *for New Hanover-County.*—Richard Quince, ſen. and Richard Quince, jun. Eſqrs. and Mr. John Wilkinſon, *for the Town of Brunſwick.*—John and William Davis, Eſqrs. Meſſrs. Samuel Waters, Thomas Davis, and Samuel Neale, *for Brunſwick County.*—Meſſrs. John and George Gibbs, and John Grainge, jun. *for Bladen-County.*—Col. James Sampſon, and Felix Keenan, Eſq; *for Duplin County.*—William Cray, Henry Roads, and Richard Ward, Eſqrs. *for Onſlow County.*—And Walter Gibſon, Farquhar Campbell, and Robert Rowan, Eſqrs. *for Cumberland County.*

It is now ſaid, that if the *Non-Importation Agreement* entered into by all the Colonies on this Continent (except *Georgia*) ſhould fail to have *that Effect*, which *alone* can reſtore Trade and Confidence between them and *Great-Britain*, and by which the *latter* muſt always be, in many Reſpects, very conſiderable Gainers; they, the ſaid Colonies, propoſe to *ſacrifice* their *Commerce* and Intercourſe with *all the Weſt-India Iſlands*, from the 1ſt Day of *November* next, until they adopt the ſame Meaſure, and heartily unite in every other neceſſary Step towards preſerving and ſecuring the Birth rights of Engliſhmen for their Poſterity,—and it is well known, that the Weſt-Indies may be very eaſily, ſtarved by withholding the conſtant Supplies they receive from this Continent.

According to Letters from Jamaica, dated the 10th paſt, the Iſland of Hiſpaniola has ſuffered prodogiouſly, by an Earthquake, which began on the South Side near Les Cayes, on Sunday the 3d, between 6 and 7 in the Evening, and continued the two following Days, extending quite acroſs to the Bite of Leogan. Les Cayes (or Aucayes) Petit-Guave, and Leogan had ſuffered much; but Port Louis (commonly called Port-au-Prince) is ſaid to have but four Houſes left ſtanding in it, and moſt of the Inhabitants deſtroyed. The Mountains on the South Side are repreſented as moſtly rent in Pieces, with moſt horrible Craſhes, and thrown to great Diſtances, covering many Eſtates upon the Lower Lands. Abundance of Houſes and People were ſwallowed up, and ſcarce a Stone Building any where left ſtanding.—Theſe are all the Particulars they had then yet been able to obtain, as no Accounts had been received later than the 5th, but 'tis imagined, that other Parts of the Iſland have not ſuffered leſs. A ſmall Shock, without any Noiſe, was felt, on the 3d, alſo at Jamaica, the Motion from Eaſt to Weſt.

Previous Notice having been given, that the Statue of the Right Hon. WILLIAM PITT, would be got ready to be raiſed this Afternoon: Early this Morning, all the Veſſels in the Harbour hoiſted their Colours, and a Flag, with the Words PITT AND LIBERTY, and a fine Branch of Laurel above it, was diſplayed at the Scaffolding, upon a Staff of 45 Feet high: And this Afternoon, in the Preſence of almoſt the whole of the Inhabitants, the Statue was raiſed, and fixed in its Place, without the leaſt Accident, by the Numbers 26 and 92, Members of the Club N°. 45, who had aſſembled themſelves upon this Occaſion. As ſoon as it was fixed, 26 Members of our Aſſembly aſcended the Scaffold; when the Hon. Peter Manigault, their Speaker, was pleaſed to condeſcend to the Requeſt of the People, by proclaiming the Inſcription on the Pedeſtal, which were in theſe Words:

IN GRATEFUL MEMORY
OF HIS SERVICES TO HIS COUNTRY IN GENERAL
AND TO AMERICA IN PARTICULAR
THE COMMONS HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY
OF SOUTH-CAROLINA
UNANIMOUSLY VOTED
THIS STATUE
OF
THE RIGHT HON. WILLIAM PITT, ESQ.
WHO
GLORIOUSLY EXERTED HIMSELF
IN DEFENDING THE FREEDOM OF AMERICA
THE TRUE SONS OF ENGLAND
BY PROMOTING A REPEAL
OF THE STAMP-ACT
IN YEAR 1766
TIME
SHALL SOONER DESTROY
THIS MARK OF THEIR ESTEEM
THAN
ERASE FROM THEIR MINDS
THEIR JUST SENSE
OF HIS PATRIOTIC VIRTUE.

As ſoon as this was done, Lord Chatham's Health was drank, 26 Cannon were diſcharged by the Artillery Company, three Huzzas ſucceeded, and St. Michael's Bells rang.—Joy ſat on every Countenance.—This Evening the Club N°. 45, conſiſting of a great Body of the principal Inhabitants, are to meet at Meſſrs. Dillon & Gray's Tavern, where an elegant Entertainment is provided for them, when the following 45 Toasts will be drank, viz.

1. The King.
2. The Queen, and Royal Family.
3. The Lieut. Governor, and the Province.
4. The Sons of Liberty throughout America.
5. The glorious Ninety-Two.
6. The unanimous Twenty-Six.
7. Our preſent Repreſentatives.
8. The Men who will part with Life before Liberty.
9. Lord Chatham.
10. Lord Camden.
11. Lord Rockingham.
12. Honour and Influence to the Friends of Britain and America.
13. The Duke of Manchester.
14. Lord Granby.
15. Sir William Meredith.
16. All honeſt, reſolute, and diſintereſted Patriots.
17. Mr. Burke.
18. Serjeant Glynn.
19. Governor Pownall.
20. The virtuous Minority of both Houſes of Parliament.
21. Mr. Beckford, Lord Mayor of London.
22. The Sheriffs Townſend and Sawbridge.
23. Alderman Wilkes.
24. The Supporters of the Bill of Rights.
25. James Otis, Eſq.
26. Daniel Dulany, Eſq.
27. The Penſylvania Farmer.
28. Succeſs to all Patriotic Meaſures.
29. Chriſtopher Gadſden, Eſq.
30. Thomas Lynch, Eſq.
31. John Rutledge, Eſq.
32. Firmneſs and Perſeverance in our Reſolutions, not to flinch a ſingle Inch.
33. Hon. Jonathan Bryan.
34. Hon. Henry Middleton.
35. Hon. Peter Manigault.
36. The patriotic Merchants of America.
37. Hon. Judge Lowndes, who made the Motion for the Statue.
38. Charles Pinckney, Eſq.
39. Miles Brewton, Eſq.
40. Mr. Neufville, Chairman, and the General Committee of this Province.
41. Succeſs to American Manufactures.
42. Property to the Lovers of Liberty only.
43. Our Land free, our Men honeſt, and Women fruitful.
44. Judas's Fate to the Enemies of America.
45. May Wilkes always prove a Scourge to Tyrants and Traitors, and be the Glory of Old England.

This day arrived here his Majeſty's Packet-Boat Sandwich, commanded by Capt. Richard Nottingham, in 55 Days from Falmouth. Capt. Nottingham had the misfortune to fall down the Hatchway the Day before his Arrival, by which he was much hurt, but not ſo as to endanger his Life.

Arthur Forreſt, Eſq; Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Fleet at Jamaica, died there the 25th of May laſt.

*** ADVERTISEMENTS, &c. *omitted this Week, for want of Room, will be inſerted in a Supplement on* TUESDAY *next.*

Timothy's Mazine Liſt.

June	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
28th.	Scooner Deligence, John Roper,	East-Florida
29th.	Brigt. Ranger, James Giles,	Honduras
30th.	Brigt. Diligence, *(Packet)* Capt. Arthur Clark,	Penſacola
	Scooner Speedwell, Charles Brown,	Providence
July 1.	Ship St. George, Collin McAlpine,	Falmouth
	Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Dickinſon,	Jamaica
3d.	Ship Liberty, John Laſly,	Briſtol
4th.	Snow Sandwich *(Pac.)* C. Richd. Nottingham,	Falmouth
June	Caired,	*For*
29th.	Sloop Friendſhip, Nathaniel James,	Barbados
30th.	Scooner Suſannah, Joſeph Nelmes,	Antigua
	Sloop Nancy, Benjamin Appleton,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Sally, Jeſſe Hunt,	New-York
July 1.	Scooner Sally, William Bachop,	Rhode-Iſland
	Scooner Patty, Stephen Parkinſon,	Jamaica
2d.	Scooner Katharine, Jacob Jacobs,	Georgia
	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Sloop Dove, George Luſher,	Grenada
3d.	Scooner Experiment, Edward Darrell,	Antigua
	Remain windbound or cleared,	*For*
	Ship Africa, James Sewell,	Goſport
	Snow Polly, John Rainier,	London
	Brigantine Aurora, Daniel McCarthy,	Cadiz
	Scooner Polly, Alexander Gillis,	Jamaica
	Sloop St. George, George Judkin,	Bermuda
	Sloop Sally, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia
	Way laid betwixt this and our next.	*For*
	Snow Nancy, Spence Young,	Liſbon
	Brigt. Friendſhip, Adam Cuthill,	Jamaica
	Scooner Dolphin, David Walker,	Jamaica
	Sloop Charlotte, Peter Albuoy,	New-York
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Antigua
	Sloop Meaſe, Thomas Blundell,	New-York
	Entered out, beſides the above.	*For*
	Ship London, Alexander Curling,	Liſbon
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	Snow Peggy, John Davies,	
	Scooner Sally, Thomas Tucker,	
	Scooner Sally, Benjamin Greenaway,	
	Scooner Good-Intent, John Moncrieff,	
	Scooner Elizabeth, George Tyler,	
	Scooner Live-Oak,	
	Scooner Eagle,	
	Sloop Ruth, Edward King,	
	Sloop Charles-Town, John Leacraft,	

This Day is publiſhed,

(Price FIFTEEN SHILLINGS Currency)

LIBERTY.

A

POEM

Dedicated to the SONS OF LIBERTY in *SOUTH-CAROLINA.*

By RUSTICUS.

Et majores veſtros & poſteros cogitat.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed and ſold by T. POWELL, at TIMOTHY's Printing-Office, in BROAD-STREET; and may alſo be had at Mr. CROUCH's Office, in ELLIOT-STREET.

Charles-Town, May 30, 1770.

BENJAMIN MATHEWES, Merchant, in *Tradd-Street* (next Door to Meſſrs. *Manſell, Corbett, & Comp.* and nearly oppoſite to *Samuel Prioleau*, Eſq; Controller of the Country Duties) a *Subſcriber* to the Reſolutions entered into by the Inhabitants of this Province the 22d of July, 1769, having, in *January* laſt, imported ſundry Goods from *London* (contained in Fifty Packages) inhibited by the ſaid Reſolutions; having alſo *voluntarily* agreed to ſtore the ſame, till a general Importation ſhould take Place, by the following Inſtrume[illegible]

"I, the Subſcriber, *having received ſundry Goods from* [illegible] marked M, *in a Diamond*, No. 1 *to* 50; *and* [illegible] *contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the* [illegible] *entered into by the Inhabitants of this Pro-* [illegible] *ſhould diſpoſe of them before the Acts* [illegible] *are repealed, do* voluntarily *agree to ſtore* [illegible] *my Loſs and Riſque; and I do hereby* [illegible] *them forth-coming to the General Com-* [illegible] *a general Importation takes Pace in this* [illegible] nuary *Tenty-third*, 1770."

(SIGNED) BENJAMIN MATHEWES.

And, upon being required to produce the ſame to the Committee of Inſpection on the 2d Inſtant, having acknowledged, that *many* of the ſaid Goods, ſo agreed to be ſtored as aforeſaid, had been opened and diſpoſed of, alledging that the ſame had been done by his Mother, *Ann Mathewes* (who is *alſo* a Subſcriber to the Reſolutions) during his Abſence in the Country: And they, the ſaid *Ann & Benjamin Mathewes* having been ineffectually, though repeatedly, applied to, to make proper Satisfaction to the Public, for ſuch *ſhameful Breach* of their *ſacred Contracts*: And the ſaid *Ann* continuing to open and diſpoſe of the ſaid Goods, in manifeſt Violation of the ſaid Reſolution: The GENERAL COMMITTEE, after all poſſible Lenity and Forbearance ſhewn, find themſelves reduced to the Neceſſity of advertiſing the ſaid

ANN & BENJAMIN MATHEWES,

as VIOLATORS OF THE RESOLUTIONS;

as Perſons audaciouſly *counteracting* the *united Sentiments* of the *whole Body* of the People, not only in *this*, but all *the Northern* Provinces; and *preferring* their own little *private Advantage* to the *general Good* of AMERICA.

And as, according to the laſt Article of the afore-mentioned Reſolutions *(ſubſcribed by the ſaid Violators)* it was agreed, that every *ſuch Violator* ſhould be *treated* with the *utmoſt Contempt*: So the General Committee preſume, that the above *Publication of Names*, will be alone ſufficient to excite the ſame; and to caution *all Perſons* whatever, who *have ſubſcribed* the ſaid Reſolutions, againſt having any *commercial Dealings* whatever with the ſaid ANN & BENJAMIN MATHEWES, until public Notice ſhall be given of their Compliance with the reaſonable Terms that have been propoſed to them—'till when *their Actions* muſt declare them to be *obſtinate* and *inveterate Enemies* to *their Country*, and *unworthy* of the *leaſt Confidence* or *Eſteem*.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN wants a large Quantity of clean dead SHELLS, to be delivered at the Head of his Wharf as ſoon as poſſible; for which he will give *Six-Pence* per Buſhel upon Delivery, and aſſiſt the Boats to diſcharge them.

PROPOSALS

FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS, FOR THE

DRAUGHTS

OF

SOUTH-CAROLINA:

Being a COMPLETE MAP of the ſaid Province, from an ACTUAL SURVEY.

AS our Work has met with the Approbation of the Honourable the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, we hope our Propoſals will merit the Favour of the Public, and therefore think it neceſſary to inform them in general, on what Plan it will be executed.

I. It will make a Map 6 Feet 4 Inches, by 5 Feet 4 Inches, neatly engraved on a Scale of Three Miles to One Inch, with all the Houſes and Proprietors Names of any Note; the Swamps, Marſhes, High-Lands, Iſlands, Roads, Forts, Towns, Counties, Pariſhes; Pariſh, County, and Provincial Lines; the Sea-Coaſt, navigable Bays, Inlets, Creeks, Rivers, Ferries, Bridges, and inland Navigations; all marked and digeſted in a diſtinguiſhable Manner. Alſo an enlarged Plan of the Bar and Harbour of CHARLES-TOWN, with a Ground Plat of the ſame, and References to the Whole. In ſhort, no Expence will be ſpared, to render it as complete and uſeful as any Map extant.

II. Each Subſcriber to have one complete Sett, and pay on the Delivery (which, we hope, will be in Twelve Months) ONE GUINEA and an HALF. The Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour us with their Subſcriptions, ſhall have their Names carefully publiſhed in an alphabetical Liſt, unleſs they deſire the contrary.

We cannot omit informing the Public, that the Situation of SOUTH-CAROLINA, from the Variety of Rivers, Creeks, Swamps, and inland Navigation, will add greatly to the Beauty of this Map.—The interior Parts will be no leſs curious, being interſperſed and variegated with Rivers, Creeks, and rich Lands.

We are, the PUBLIC'S

Moſt obedient, humble Servants,

JAMES COOK,

TACITUS GAILLARD.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by Meſſrs. ANCRUMS, [illegible] WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Co. HENRY LAURENS, CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN, THOMAS FARR, THOMAS SHUBRICK, AARON LOOCOCK, NICHOLAS LANGFORD, [illegible] NON, ROBERT DILLON, PETER TIMOTHY, and other Gentlemen of each Pariſh.

Wanted immediately.

AN Overſeer (a ſingle Man) capable of managing a Plantation where Brick-Making is carried on: Any ſuch wanting Employ, who can be well recommended, may apply to SAMUEL PRIOLEAU.

Taken up ADRIFT,

BY JOHN KNOWLES, ſeveral Months ago, a Cypreſs Canow, 14 Feet long, three Feet and a half wide, fitted to row with two Oars, hath a Ring Bolt at her Stern, and her Bows much broken: The Owner may have her again on Application to me, on board the Sceaner *Three Friends*, at Mr. BURN's Wharf,

GEORGE LEIFIELD.

SALES by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On TUESDAY *the* 10th *Day of* JULY *next, WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue, at the uſual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN;

ALL that Piece or Parcel of a TOWN-LOT of LAND, ſituate on the Weſt Side of King-Street, being Part of the Lot (No. 149); containing in Depth from the ſaid Street Weſtward 160 Feet, or thereabouts; and from North to South on the ſaid Street 20 Feet, or thereabouts; bounding Northward on another Part of the ſaid Lot, late in the Occupation of Samuel Thornton, deceaſed; Weſtward on Land how or late of William Dandridge, deceaſed; Southward on Land now or late of John Prue, and Eaſtward on the ſaid Street: And whereon is a good Dwelling-Houſe, and other convenient Buildings; late the Property of SAMUEL THORNTON, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution, by ROG. PINCKNEY, P.M.

At the ſame Time and Place will alſo be ſold,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of 200 Acres of LAND, ſituate in St. Thomas's Pariſh, butting and bounding to the North-Eaſt on Land of Robert Daniel; to the North-Weſt on Land of Thomas-Martin Sanders: Late the Property of DAVID WILSON, and ſold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, P.M.

At the ſame Time and Place will alſo be SOLD,

PART of a LOT of LAND in ANSONBOROUGH, in Charles-Town aforeſaid, containing in Front, on Meeting-Street, Thirty Feet (more or leſs) and in Depth, from the ſaid Street Eaſtward, One Hundred and Thirty-ſeven Feet (more or leſs) butting and bounding, to the Northward, on Land lately belonging to William Hart; to the Southward, on Land belonging to Daniel Stroble; Eaſtward, on Land of John Dart, Eſq; and Weſtward, on the ſaid Street. On the above Lot is a good Houſe, Twenty-four Feet by eighteen, and other convenient Buildings: Lately belonging to the Eſtate of ADAM SHECKLE, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

To be LEASED,

FOR SEVEN YEARS,

MRS. GADSDEN's

PLANTATION,

(About a Mile from Charles-Town)

VERY pleaſantly ſituated on *Aſhley-River*, and at a very convenient Diſtance to tend the Market with Garden-Stuff, Milk, and other Articles.—The Leſſee may have it with, or without, an ISLAND, lately joined thereto by a very ſubſtantial Dam; which Dam, and another very ſhort one, leading from ſaid Iſland through Mr. ELLIOTT's Land into the Broad-Road, he will be required to keep in Repair, and leave in as good Order as he finds them. For further Particulars, enquire of

JAMES GADSDEN,

AND

ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

To be SOLD by public OUTCRY,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *on* THURSDAY *the* 19th *Day of* JULY *next, preciſely at* Twelve *o'Clock at Noon:*

SEVERAL

VERY VALUABLE

SLAVES,

(Belonging to the Eſtate of DANIEL DOYLEY, Eſq; deceaſed, *viz.*

TWO Cooks—two Waſher-women—one Seamſtreſs—a good Shoemaker—a valuable Porter—and ſeveral handy Boys and Girls.

The Purchaſers may have Six Months Credit, provided they give Bonds, with good Security, to pay the Purchaſe-money, with Intereſt, at the End of that Period.

And, it is a Condition of the Sale, that the Property is not to be altered, until ſuch Bonds are executed, and delivered.

*** Such Perſons as have any Demands on the Eſtate, are requeſted to ſend them in, properly atteſted: And thoſe who are any wiſe indebted thereto, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, without Loſs of Time.

ANNA DOYLEY, *Executrix.*

CHARLES PINCKNEY, *Executor.*

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

At Mr. LEVY's, *near* CHARLES-TOWN, *on* THURSDAY *the Second of* AUGUST *next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

TWENTY-ONE

LIKELY PLANTATION

SLAVES;

BELONGING to WILLIAM COACHMAN, Eſq; deceaſed, among which are, ſome likely Boys, one Bricklayer, and one Cooper.

And on the 9th of AUGUST *following will be ſold at the Plantation called* COATBAW, *in* St. JOHN's-PARISH.

A PARCEL of Houſhold Furniture, Cattle, Riding Chairs, one large well-built deck'd Scooner, that carries 110 Barrels of Rice; a Parcel of Bricks ready burnt, at a good Landing, with a large Quantity of Cart Rings and Boxes, old Iron, &c. Credit will be given to the 1ſt of January 1771, paying Intereſt and giving Security. The Property of nothing to be altered, till the Conditions are complied with

JAMES COACHMAN, *Executor.*

Port-Royal, June 6, 1770.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber about two Months ago, a NEGRO FELLOW, named DICK, formerly belonging to Mr. Thomas White, on Indian Land, by Trade a Carpenter, about Twenty-five Years of Age, ſhort well fet, very well known about Charleſtown and Wando, where it is probable he is harboured, moſt likely at the latter, having there a father who is free: Whoever will deliver him to Mr. William Livingſton, in Charleſtown, or Mr. Thomas Rutledge, in Beaufort, ſhall be entitled to a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency, and all reaſonable Charges; and if harboured by a white Perſon, on Conviction, ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, or by a Negro, TWENTY, from

A. DEVEAUX.

THE Members of the Ger[illegible] Friendly Society, are deſired to attend a Quarterly Meeting, on Wedneſday, the 18th of July next, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Mr. MICHAEL KALTEISEN's.

By Order of the Steward,

CHARLES GRUBER, *Clerk.*

THERE are *Two* Vacancies for Schooling CHILDREN by the *South-Carolina Society*. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

JOHN HATFIELD,

TALLOW-CHANDLER, and SOAP-BOILER,

At the Sign of the Soap *and* Candles *in Church-Street, and next Door to Mr.* DONALD BRUCE's *Store.*

CONTINUES the ſaid Buſineſs as uſual; and as the Quality of his Goods recommend themſelves; he will be much obliged to his former Friends and Cuſtomers for a Continuance of their Favours, who may depend on his utmoſt Aſſiduity and Diſpatch in the Execution of all Orders which he may receive, either Wholeſale or Retail, and on as reaſonable Terms for Caſh, as any in Town.

N. B. He has alſo for Sale, Brown and Loaf Sugar, Starch and Hair Powder, as good as any imported, with a few other Articles; and a Dining Room, Lodging Room, and a Kitchen to lett.

DAVID BATY, & Co.

HAVE GOT TO DISPOSE OF,

At their Store, on the South Side of BROAD-STREET, *facing Mr.* ALEXANDER GILLON's,

MADERA, VIDONIA, CLARET, RED PORT, and a Variety of other WINES, in Pipes, Caſks, and Bottles. Alſo, RUM of different Qualities, by the Hogſhead, Quarter-Caſk, or ſmaller Quantity, not leſs than Three Gallons.—Choice old BRANDY, and very good VINEGAR, by the like Quantity.

The above Liquors are warranted neat as imported.—A Diſcount of Five per Cent. at leaſt, will be allowed, taking to any conſiderable Amount, and for Ready Money.

WILLIAM SYKES,

HATH FOR SALE,

JUST IMPORTED,

LEWIS's ſuperfine Flour in half Barrels and Kegs, Milk, Water, and Butter Biſcuit, choice Saltpetred Hams, Loaf Sugar, Gin in Caſes, Northward Rum, Jamaica Ditto of an extra Quality; with ſundry other Articles, as uſual.

To be LETT,

And may be entered upon the 21ſt of AUGUST *next, or ſooner if required,*

THE South-Weſt TENEMENT of a Three-Story Brick Houſe, ſituated at the Corner of Tradd and Meeting-Street; at preſent in the Occupation of Dr. WILLIAM BRISBANE. For Particulars apply to

WILLIAM ELLIS.

Amelia, June 15, 1770.

A Grey Horſe, above 13 Hands high, 12 or 13 Years old, paces a little, branded on the off Shoulder H, and on the off Cheek ⅃ with a Flower de Luce above it.

One black Horſe, near 14 Hands high, 9 or 10 Years old, and trotts; branded on the mounting Shoulder I, and on the Buttock on the ſame Side T.

One Flea bitten grey Horſe, (Age unknown) 13 Hands and an half high, branded on the off Shoulder ∩, and paces.

A ſmall black Mare, the off Ear cropt, and trotts; branded on the off Shoulder D.

A black Horſe, 14 Hands high, 8 Years old, branded on the near Buttock CH, has a remarkable white Scar on the off Buttock, like an L, ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by a Hurt.

The Owners of the above Strays may apply to, and prove their Properties before JOHN LIVISTON.

INFORMATION has been given me of the following STRAYS, *viz.*

BY THOMAS CARTER, by the Banks of Ediſto-River, of a brown bay HORSE, about 13¼ Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder O, has one hind Footlock white, and a Star in his Forehead.

By JOHN WILLIAMS, of Hollow-Creek, of a brown Two-year old HEIFER, ſpeckled behind, neither marked nor branded.

By SOMMERSET DONNEHO, of Rocky Creek, of a ſorrel HORSE, about 13¼ Hands high, ſix Years old; has no perceivable Brand.—Alſo a bay HORSE, about 12¼ Hands high, branded ſomewhat like T⊣.

By THOMAS HARRISON, of the Branches of Ediſto, of a ſmall brindle and white COW, with a Heifer CALF; the Cow branded ɔF on her Side, and marked with a Crop and two Slits in the right Ear, and ſomething reſembling (as ſome call it) an Upper and Under-Keel in the left.

The Owners of the above-mentioned Strays, muſt prove their Property, within ſix Months from the Date hereof, before

June 8, 1770. JOHN FAIRCHILD, J. P.

CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 1ſt, 1770.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, "An "ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at FIVE POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS, per Hundred in Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at THREE POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both uſed by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt.	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt.
WHITE,	1	13	0	WHITE,	2	11	0
WHEATEN,	2	11	8	WHEATEN,	4	0	8
HOUSHOLD,	3	10	0	HOUSHOLD,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of BREAD are required to take due Notice. BENJAMIN SIMONS, *Com. Gen.*

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.